Elic ird 2d, Son of another John Cickaine of Assburne, that liv'd there Anno 33d of Elicard the 1st, Son of William Coquaine or Cockaine of Assburne, Anno 28th Edward 1st.

A R M S.

Pearl 3 Cocks Ruby, armed, crested and jelloped Diamond.

N. B. I have seen this Coat blazoned.

Saphire 3 Cocks, Pearl, arm'd crested and jelloped proper.

CREST.

A Cock's-head erased proper

N. B As some account the Eagle the Queen, and the Swallow or Wagtail the Lady, so I may term the Cock to be Knight among Birds, being both of Noble Courage, and also prepared evermore to Battle, having his Combe for a Helmet, his sharp and hooked Bill for a Faulchion or Courtleax to slash and wound his Enemy; and as a compleat Soldier armed Cap-a-pee; he hath his Legs armed with Spurs, giving Example to the valiant Soldier to expel Danger by Sight and not by Flight.

The Cock croweth when he is Victor, and giveth a Testimony of his Con-

quest.

If he be vanquished he shunneth both the Light and Society of Men; of all Birds this may be best termed in Blazon to be armed, that is thus surnished and prepared to the Encounter; he is the Herald of the Day, and Centinel of the Night for his Vigilancy.

The most Noble, Potent and Honourable Sir Thomas Charles Traci, Viscount and Baron Tracy of Rathcoole, and Baronet of the County of Limerick, so created 12th January 1642, 8th Charles the 1st.

Sir Paul Tracy of Stanway in Gloustershire, created Baronet 29th June 1611,

9th Jacob. 1st.

This Ancient and Noble Family is descended of the Royal Blood of the Saxon Kings of England, and took their Names from the Town of Tracy in the Dutchy of Normandy. of which in the Reign of King Stephen was Henry d' Tracy, who was possessed of the Honour of Barnstaple in the County of Devon the 9th of that King, and being a valiant and expert Soldier, did his Majesty great Service in these Western Parts.

To him succeeded William his Son, which William was possessed of the Manner of Toldington in the County of Gloucester, and was an eminent Soldier, but in the Reign of King Henry the 2d (according to Fuller's Worthies of England) he was one of the Four concerned in the Assassination of that turbulent and antitious Prelate, Thomas Becket Archbishop of Canterbury, for which he was

much blackned by the Monkish Writers.

He was afterwards Steward of Normandy, and in the Reign of King John, he took up Arms against the King, for which his Lands were seized, but by king Henry the 3d they were restored to him again, and afterwards he commanded under Edward the 1st in his victorious Expedition into Scotland; to him succeeded Oliver his Son, who in the 18th of Edward the 2d, he was High Sherrist of the County of Gloucester, and in 1359, Thomas his Grandson performed the same Office of High Sherrist, in which he was succeeded by John his Son, who was knighted by King Edward the 3d, and in his Reign was three several times Knight of the Shire for the County aforesaid.

To him succeeded Henry his Son, which Henry was Father of John Tracy, who was High Sherriff in the 1st of Richard the 2d, as also was William his

Son